

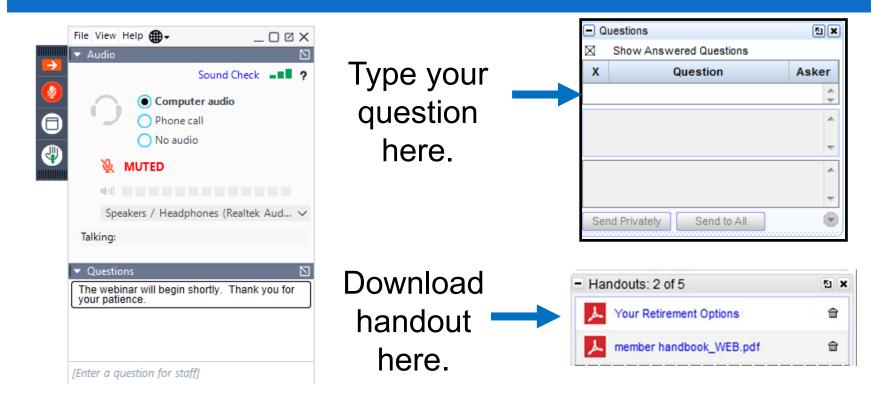
## Leave Credit – Did you know?



## Friendly reminders

- This presentation contains general information.
- It is meant to be used as a guide during the webinar.
- All participants are muted during the webinar.
- Have a question?
  - » Type your question in the Questions area during the webinar. The moderator will see it and respond.
- There will be a question-and-answer period at the end of the webinar.
- Please maximize your screen size to have full use of the webinar's features.

### Go To Webinar features



If you have any specific questions about your retirement (such as DROP window, retirement eligibility, FAC questions, etc.) please email us at <a href="web.master@trsl.org">web.master@trsl.org</a> so we can look up your account and assist you directly.

## Agenda

- What happens to my sick leave when I retire?
- Sick leave basics
- How is sick leave converted to service credit?
- Sick leave conversion tables
   & examples
- What happens to my annual leave when I retire?
- Can I purchase unused leave?



## What happens to my sick leave?



- Sick leave is a benefit of employment, and is subject to the authority of your employing agency.
- However, <u>unused</u> sick leave is an important part of your retirement because it can increase your monthly benefit if eligible to be converted to service credit.

## What happens to my sick leave?

• TRSL will convert your <u>unused</u> sick leave to service credit after you have submitted an official application for retirement and your final benefit is calculated.

 Different laws govern the conversion of sick leave, depending on when the leave was earned.

 State law governs the accrual, determination, and conversion of <u>unused</u> sick leave to service credit for retirement purposes.

### Sick leave basics

- Unused sick leave cannot be used to attain eligibility for retirement.
- However, at the time of retirement, unused sick leave may be converted to service credit.
  - » TRSL makes this conversion after you have retired.
  - » This can increase your monthly retirement benefit.
- Upon retiring or entering DROP, employers pay up to 25 days of unused sick leave at the daily rate of pay, or the number of unused days at the discretion of the employer,

#### How is sick leave converted to service credit?

- The sick leave balance accumulated with your employer does not determine how much is eligible for conversion to retirement credit.
- However, the amount of unused sick leave eligible for conversion is determined instead by a formula specified in state law that depends on when the sick leave was earned:

#### » Earned on or before June 30, 1988

 There is no cap on the amount of unused sick leave earned on or before June 30, 1988 that can be converted to service credit.

#### » Earned on or after July 1, 1988

- Conversion of unused sick leave credit earned on or after July 1, 1990, is capped at one (1) year.

## Sick leave on or before June 30, 1988

- For retirement purposes, accumulation of leave is determined by the member's contract and years of service:
  - » 9-mo. employees earn 10 days per year
  - » 10-mo. employees earn 11 days per year
  - » 11- and 12-mo. employees earn the following:
    - 12 days per year for the first three years
    - 15 days per year for the next seven years
    - 18 days per year for all years over 10
- After determining the days accumulated, the days of sick leave used by the member are subtracted. This leaves the remaining balance of unused sick leave days that will be converted to service credit according to **Table 1: Unused Sick Leave Conversion.**

#### **TABLE 1:** Unused sick leave conversion

Sick day balance	Service credit earned		
25-45 days	0.25 years		
46-90 days	0.50 years		
91-135 days	0.75 years		
136-180 days	1.00 years		
181-225 days	1.25 years		
226-270 days	1.50 years		
271-315 days	1.75 years		
316-360 days	2.00 years		

Sick day balance	Service credit earned		
361-405 days	2.25 years		
406-450 days	2.50 years		
451-495 days	2.75 years		
496-540 days	3.00 years		
541-585 days	3.25 years		
586-630 days	3.50 years		
631-675 days	3.75 years		
676-720 days	4.00 years		

## Sick leave on or after July 1, 1988

- For retirement purposes, accumulation of leave is determined by the member's contract and years of service:
  - » 9-month employees: Earn 10 days per year
  - » 10-month employees: Earn 11 days per year
  - » 11- and 12-month employees: Earn the following:
    - 12 days per year for the first 10 years
    - 18 days per year for all years over 10
- After determining the days accumulated, the days of sick leave used by the member and the number of days which were paid by the employer are subtracted. This leaves the remaining balance of unused sick leave days that will be converted to service credit according to Table 2: Unused Sick Leave Conversion.

#### **TABLE 2:** Unused sick leave conversion

Sick day	Service		
9-month employees	10-month employees	credit earned	
10-18 days	11-20 days	0.1 year	
19-36 days	21-40 days	0.2 year	
37-54 days	41-60 days	0.3 year	
55-72 days	61-80 days	0.4 year	
73-90 days	81-100 days	0.5 year	
91-108 days	101-120 days	0.6 year	
109-126 days	121-140 days	0.7 year	
127-144 days	141-160 days	0.8 year	
145-162 days	161-180 days	0.9 year	
163-180 days	181-200 days	1.0 year	

Sick day	Service		
11-month employees	12-month employees	credit earned	
12-22 days	13-24 days	0.1 year	
23-44 days	25-48 days	0.2 year	
45-66 days	49-72 days	0.3 year	
67-88 days	73-96 days	0.4 year	
89-110 days	97-120 days	0.5 year	
111-132 days	121-144 days	0.6 year	
133-154 days	145-168 days	0.7 year	
155-176 days	169-192 days	0.8 year	
177-198 days	193-216 days	0.9 year	
199-220 days	217-240 days	1.0 year	

### **EXAMPLE 1:** Sick leave conversion

- A 9-month contract member retires with 30 years of service credit.
  - » The member worked 7 years on or before June 30, 1988, using 20 sick leave days during that time period, and worked 23 years on or after July 1, 1988, using 82 sick leave days during that time period.

The member is paid up to 25 days of unused sick leave by their employer upon retiring or entering DROP.

### **EXAMPLE 1:** Sick leave conversion

# Sick leave on or before June 30, 1988:

- 7 years × 10 sick days earned per year =
   70 sick leave days
- 70 days 20 days used =
   50 unused sick leave days
  - » Per Table 1: 50 unused sick leave days converts to 0.5 year of service credit

# Sick leave on or after July 1, 1988:

- 23 years × 10 sick days earned per year =
   230 sick leave days
- 230 days 82 days used 25 days paid = 123 unused sick leave days
  - Per Table 2: The 9-month employee's 123 unused sick leave days converts to 0.7 year of service credit.

TOTAL service credit earned for retirement benefit calculation:
0.5 year + 0.7 year = 1.2 years of service credit

#### **EXAMPLE 2:** Sick leave conversion

- A 9-month contract member retires with 25 years of service credit.
  - » The member worked 25 years on or after July 1, 1988, earning 10 days per year, using 150 sick leave days during that time period.

The member is paid up to 25 days of unused sick leave by their employer upon retiring or entering DROP.

#### **EXAMPLE 2:** Sick leave conversion

#### Sick leave on or after July 1, 1988:

- 25 years × 10 sick days earned per year = 250 sick leave days
- 250 days 150 sick days used 25 days paid = 75 unused sick leave days
  - » Per Table 2: The 9-month employee's 75 unused sick leave days converts to 0.5 year of service credit

TOTAL service credit earned for retirement benefit calculation:
0.5 year of service credit

## What happens to my annual leave?

 Employees of Louisiana state agencies, colleges, universities, community colleges, and technical colleges may earn annual leave.

 Members who earn annual leave are usually paid up to 300 hours or 37.5 days of annual leave by their employers upon termination of employment.

 Review your employer's policy on annual leave before retirement. If you anticipate having more than 300 hours of annual leave upon retirement, have your employer report your unused balance to TRSL.

## Can I purchase unused leave?

- <u>Sick leave</u>: Even after TRSL converts unused sick leave to one year of service credit, some members may still have unused sick days left.
  - » These individuals can purchase the remaining balance for conversion to additional service credit <u>if</u> the leave was earned on or after July 1, 1990.
  - » Once your benefit is finalized, TRSL will notify you if you have any remaining unused sick leave credit eligible for purchase.
- Annual leave: Members who were first eligible to retire after June 30, 1990 can convert unused annual leave earned after that date to service credit by purchasing the leave at actuarial cost.

## Summary

- Sick leave cannot be used to reach eligibility for retirement. Eligibility must first be attained; then unused sick leave credit is used to calculate the final amount of your retirement benefit.
- Different laws govern the conversion of sick leave, depending on when the leave was earned. You can read more about it in our Sick Leave & Conversion to Service Credit brochure.
- Sick leave is a benefit of employment and is subject to the authority of your employer. If you have specific questions regarding your sick leave, please contact your HR Department.

## Employer training

- Upon request, we provide customized training and support with any of the following reporting tasks:
  - » Retrieval, review, and completion of outstanding questionable year reports
  - » Completion of sick and/or leave data reporting
  - » Information gathering
- Please note: TRSL is currently not conducting on-site training due to COVID-19. We are conducting virtual employer training via GoToWebinar. Contact us for more details...

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## **Employer Sick Leave Certifications**

 Certification of sick leave days used for all fiscal years of employment, including fiscal years during DROP

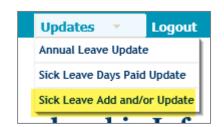
Certification of sick leave days paid at retirement

 Must have access rights designated on Authorized Contacts (Form 1)

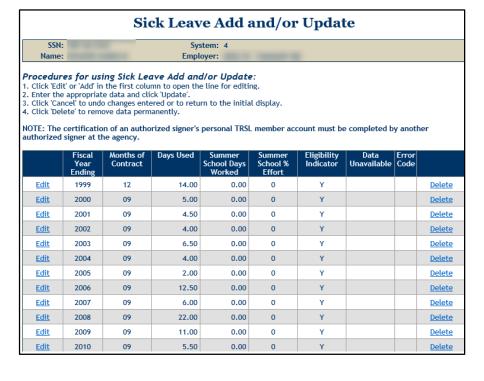


## Sick Leave Days Used

- Employers must certify sick leave information for each fiscal year (July 1 – June 30)
  - » Months of contract (9, 10, 11, or 12) must be entered for each fiscal year



- » Number of sick leave days used
- » If applicable, number of summer school days worked with summer school percent effort (can be different than regular school year percent effort)



#### Sick Leave Can Be Submitted By Data File!



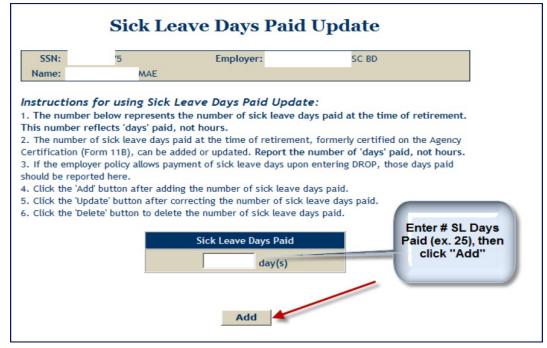
- Employers can submit a data file to update the sick leave usage for their employees
- Allows for historical information to be saved in a separate location
- Most software vendors have created a file path to use

Starting position	Field description	Data type	Length	
1	Employer ID	alpha	4	
5	Social Security number	numeric	9	
14	Fiscal year	numeric	4	
18	Contract months	numeric	2	
20	Sick leave days used	numeric	5*	
25	Summer percent effort (e.g., 050 for 50%)	numeric	3	
28	Summer days worked	numeric	5*	
TOTAL 32 bytes (characters)				

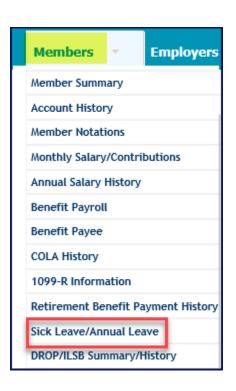
## Sick Leave Days Paid at Retirement

- Employers must report number of sick leave days paid at time of retirement or DROP.
  - » Report number of days, not hours
  - » Report even if 0.00 days paid





# EMIS Sick Leave/Annual Leave Summary screen: to confirm leave data already updated by employer(s)



	Example 1			Si	Sick Leave			
	SSN:				Name:	ANN		
Fiscal Year	Employer ID	Months of Contract	Days Used	Eligibility	Last Updated By	Transaction Date	Summer Days Worked	Summer Percent Effort
2013	0061	09	8.00		EMPLOYER-FILE	12/13/2019		
2014	0061	09	0.00		EMPLOYER-FILE	08/15/2014		
2016	0017	09	8.00		EMPLOYER-FILE	09/26/2016		
2017	0017	09	54.00		EMPLOYER-FILE	10/26/2017		
2018	0017	09	9.75		EMPLOYER-FILE	10/05/2018	10.25	100
2019	0017	09	7.72		EMPLOYER-FILE	10/03/2019		
2020	0017	09	5.78		EMPLOYER-FILE	10/30/2020		
		Total:	93.25		days used and ss worked 07/01/1990 and forward.		10.25	

# EMIS Sick Leave/Annual Leave Summary screen: to confirm leave data already updated by employer(s)





## **Questions?**



## We are here for you!



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Toll free (outside Baton Rouge): 1-877-ASK-TRSL (1-877-275-8775)

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