

Low Sodium foods are abundant and many are natural, organic, and can be easily found. They can be found in every food group and there are many different possibilities for a low sodium meal!

Breads, Cereals, Rice, and Pasta

Most Rice and Pastas are very low in sodium. Compare labels to find products with less salt and don't add salt when cooking. The following are also all viable low-sodium food items:

•Whole Grain Bread

- Granola
- •Puffed Rice
- •Rolled Oats
- Shredded Wheats
- Unsalted Popcorn
- •Bread, bagels, English muffins, crackers, or bread sticks without salted tops

Vegetables

As with fruits, all fresh vegetables are low in sodium. Vegetables may also be frozen or canned if they do not contain sauces:

- Broccoli
- •Cabbage
- Cauliflower
- Chickpeas
- •Cucumber
- •Green Peppers
- •Lima Beans
- Sweet Potatoes

<u>Fruits</u>

Any kind of fruit or fruit juice (fresh, frozen, or canned) is low in sodium if it does not contain sauces. Fruits particularly low in sodium include:

- Apples
- •Bananas
- Blackberries
- Cherries
- Peaches
- Pears
- Raspberries
- Watermelons

Protein

Choose fresh meats when possible. Some fresh meat has added sodium, so always check the label!

- •6 ounces daily of nay fresh or frozen beef, veal, lamb, pro, poultry , and fish without salt or sodium in the preparation and without skin
- •Low sodium, water packed tuna or salmon
- Eggs and egg substitutes
- •Unsalted nuts and seeds
- •Low sodium nut butter

<u>Dairy</u>

Milk is a healthy dairy product that contains virtually no sodium. Choose fat free or low-fat milk and yogurt more often than cheese, which can be high in sodium. Milk and yogurt are also good sources of potassium, which can help lower blood pressure

- •Low sodium cottage cheese
- •Fat free or low fat yogurt
- •Skin or 1% milk
- •Soy-based drinks with added calcium
- •Cream
- Non-dairy creamers
- •Sour cream
- Ice cream

<u>Fats</u>

- •Olive Oil and other cooking oils
- •Low sodium mayonnaise
- •Unsalted butter or margarine
- •Low sodium salad dressing

Condiments and Extras

Choose condiments that are low in sodium or have no sodium at all, and try seasoning instead of salt to flavor food.

- •Spices and herbs without sodium or salt
- •Vinegar
- •Lemon
- •Fresh horseradish or prepared without salt
- •Baking soda and powder
- •Cream of tartar
- Mustard
- •Tabasco sauce or low sodium chili sauces
- •Mrs. Dash and other sodium-free seasonings
- Yeast
- Jams and jellies
- Low sodium ketchup
- •Low sodium tomato sauces and vegetable juices without salt or sodium added



High Sodium Foods to Avoid

Buttermilk, malted milk, chocolate milk

Bacon, sausages, hot dogs, all lunch meats unless low sodium

Breaded meats

Meats koshered by salting

Canned or frozen vegetables if processed with salt

Anchovies and other smoked fish; caviar

Anything pickled, olives



Quick Tips for Lowering your Sodium intake

1. Know Your Sodium Limit

- Sodium intake should be no more than 2300 mg per day (about 1 teaspoon of salt)
- * Some people need to keep their sodium intake even lower! Ask your doctor how much sodium is okay for you
- * If you need to make changes, slowly reduce the amount of sodium in your foods and your tastes for salt will change with time

2. Check the Label

- * Use the Nutrition Facts Label to check the sodium in packaged foods. Try to choose products with 5% Daily Value (DV) or less. A sodium content of 20% DV or more is high.
- * Look for foods labeled: Low sodium, reduced sodium, or no salt added

3. Shop for Low Sodium Foods

- * Load up on vegetables, fruits, beans, and peas, which are naturally low in sodium!
- * When you buy canned fruit, look for options packed in 100% juice water
- Compare the sodium in foods like bread, soup, and frozen meals. Choose the ones with less sodium
- Limit processed foods, especially foods that are salted, smoked, or cured (hot dogs, bacon, deli meats, etc.)

4. Prepare Your Meals with Less Sodium

- If you buy canned food, choose low sodium varieties! If not low sodium, rinse it before eating to wash away some of the salt
- * Use unsalted butter or soft margarine
- * Don't add salt to the water when you cook pasta or rice
- * Try different herbs and spices to flavor your food instead of salt

5. Add MORE Potassium to your Diet

* Adding more potassium can help lower your blood pressure! Good sources of potassium include potatoes, cantaloupe, bananas, beans and yogurt.